

# Longsword and Shortsword Styles

鎧造り SHINOGI-ZUKURI

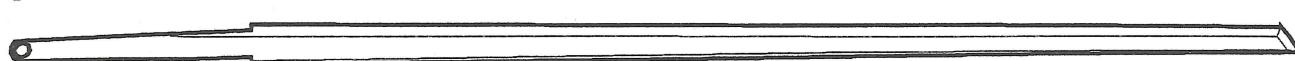


平造り HIRA-ZUKURI



直刀 CHOKUTOU

両切刃造り MOROKIRIHA-ZUKURI



片切刃造り KATAKIRIHA-ZUKURI



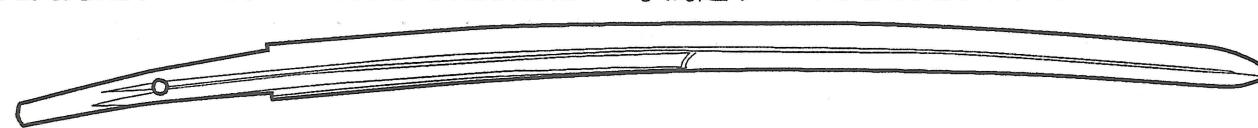
菖蒲造り SHOUBU-ZUKURI



長巻造り NAGAKI-ZUKURI



切先両刃造り KISSAKI-MOROHA-ZUKURI 小鳥造り KOGARASU-ZUKURI



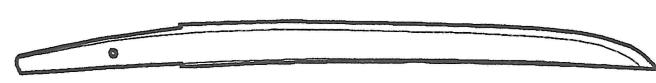
HIRA-ZUKURI 平造り



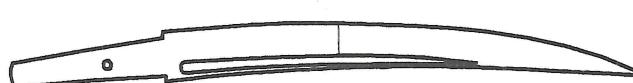
UNOKUBI-ZUKURI 鶴の首造り



KATAKIRIHA-ZUKURI 片切り刃造り



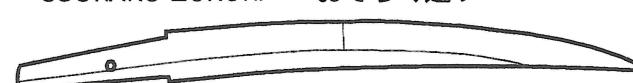
HIRA-OSORAKU-ZUKURI 平おそらく造り



MOROHA-ZUKURI 両刃造り



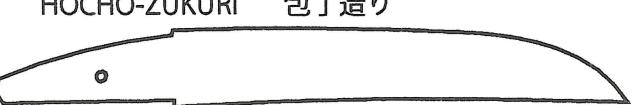
OSORAKU-ZUKURI おそらく造り



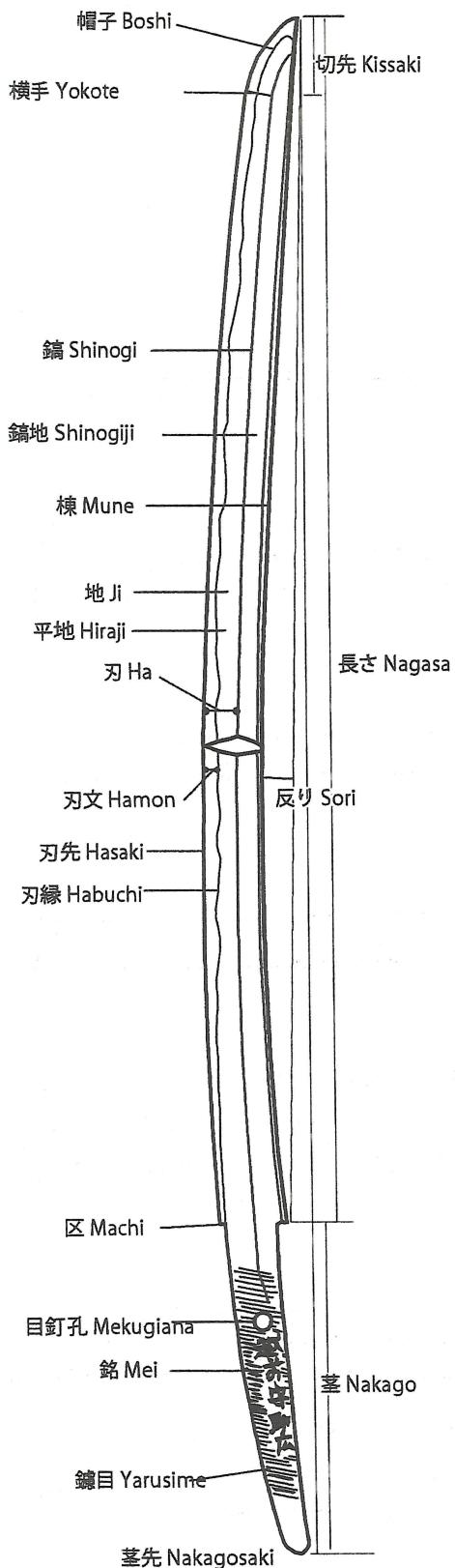
KANMURIOTOSHI-ZUKURI 冠落し造り



HOCHO-ZUKURI 包丁造り



# Parts of the Sword



## Boshi: Hamon on the point area

**Yokote:** Line defining and setting off the point from the body of sword

**Shinogi:** The well defined line running along the length of the blade at the thickest part of the sword

**Shinogiji:** Surface of the blade between the shinogi and the mune

## Mune: Unsharpened back surface of the blade

## Ji: Steel surface of the sword

**Ha:** Hardened steel along the edge area

## Hasaki: Sharpened cutting edge of the sword

## Habuchi: Line between Hiraji and Hamon, Haz

## Hamon: Visible pattern of the hardened edge

## Hiraji: Area between Hamon and Shinogi

Machi: Notch at the edge of the tang where the

**cutting edge begins**

Mekugiana: Hole in the tang for the mekugi (bar)

(rivet used to secure the sword in the hilt)

Mei: Signature

**Yasurime:** Cutting lines for preventing from dropping the nakago to hilt

Nakagasaki: Edge of the tang

Nakago: Tang

### Nagasa: Length of the blade

## Sori: Curvature of the sword

Kissaki: Area of the point